

Research Project #7

Expand the Collection of
“Near-Miss” Data to All Modes

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data Background

- Definition
 - A situation that could have resulted in accidental harm or damage but failed to in the absence of any specific measure designed to prevent it.
- - “Near-Miss” vs. “Unsafe Situation”

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Benefits of Unsafe Situation Reporting

- Injury Prevention
- In-depth quantitative analysis
- Stronger safety efforts
- Cost-efficiency

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Methods of Data Collection

- Automated data recording systems
- Voluntary self-reporting systems

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Existing Data Systems

- Aviation
 - Aviation Safety Reporting System (ASRS)
 - Near Midair Collision System (NMACS)
 - The Confidential Human Factors Incident Reporting Programme (CHIRP)
 - The Global Analysis and Information Network (GAIN)

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Existing Data Systems

- Maritime
 - The Nautical Institute International Marine Accident Reporting Scheme (MARS)
 - Safety Incident Management Information System (SIMIS)
 - The International Maritime Information Safety System (IMISS)
- Rail
 - Signal Passed at Danger (SPAD) system
- Intermodal
 - Secutitas

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Project Goals & Objectives

- Study Existing Data Systems
- Identify Potential Benefits and Problems
- Explore Transferability of Reporting
- Improve Cross-Modal Utility of Data
- Improve Data Analysis Process

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Methodology

- Data Systems Matrix
- Human Factors Taxonomy
- Voluntary Reporting Guidelines
- Automated Methods of Data Collection

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Data Systems Matrix

- Background
- Structure
- Program Input
- Data Management
- Program Output

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Human Factors Taxonomy

- Purpose
 - Classification of causes
- Elements
 - Level 1 – specific errors
 - Level 2 – predisposing conditions
- Methods
 - Intermodal taxonomy - pilot testing

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Key Elements in Voluntary Reporting

- Voluntary participation
- Confidentiality
- Legislative protection & immunity
- Non-regulatory host agency
- Buy-in and support from the community
- Feedback
- Data System Design

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Project Approach

- Voluntary Reporting
 - Target areas
 - Modal participation
 - Methods
 - Draft guidelines
 - Pilot testing
 - Final guidelines
 - Modal implementation

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Project Approach

- Automated Reporting
 - Technology & Unsafe Situations
 - Advantages of Automated Data Collection
 - Marine Traffic Patterns Study
 - Truck Headway Study

Collection of “Near-Miss” Data

Conclusion

- Value of Unsafe Situation Data in Transportation Safety
- (Self-reports + Recorded Data) = Success
- Identification of Contributing Factors
- Trend Analysis
- New Remediation Strategies